

# **ICP** Construction

Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

# **SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Everlife Waterborne Enamel Satin Neutral Base - F10095	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

# Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.
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# Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	ICP Construction
Address	150 Dascomb Road Andover MA United States
Telephone	978-623-9980
Fax	Not Available
Website	http://www.icp-construction.com/
Email	Not Available

## Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	Chemtel
Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-255-3924
Other emergency telephone numbers	1-813-248-0585

# SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

# Classification of the substance or mixture



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

# Classification Not Applicable

Label elements	
Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE

# Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

# Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.

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# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable
Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

# SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
57-55-6	1-5	propylene glycol

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

# Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: <ul> <li>Wash out immediately with water.</li> <li>If irritation continues, seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: <ul> <li>Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

# Extinguishing media

There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
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# Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Non combustible.</li> <li>Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.</li> <li>May emit corrosive fumes.</li> </ul>

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

# **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. ► Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Precautions for safe handling Safe handling Near protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. D NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	<ul> <li>Polyethylene or polypropylene container.</li> <li>Packing as recommended by manufacturer.</li> </ul>	
Storage incompatibility	None known	

# SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Control parameters**

# OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

# EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name TEEL		-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
propylene glycol	Polypropylene glycols	30 mg/m3		330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3
propylene glycol	Propylene glycol; (1,2-Propanediol)	30 mg/m3		1,300 mg/m3	7,900 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH		
propylene glycol	Not Available		Not Available		

#### Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	<ul> <li>Safety glasses with side shields.</li> <li>Chemical goggles.</li> </ul>
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<ul> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber</li> <li>The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.</li> <li>Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.</li> </ul>
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	<ul> <li>Overalls.</li> <li>P.V.C.</li> </ul>

**Respiratory protection** 

# SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Not Available		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available

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# Everlife Waterborne Enamel Satin Neutral Base - F10095

Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

# SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Information on toxicological effects

Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. The odour of isopropanol may give some warning of exposure, but odour fatigue may occur. Inhalation of isopropanol may produce irritation of the nose and throat with sneezing, sore throat and runny nose.		
The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. Swallowing 10 millilitres of isopropanol may cause serious injury; 100 millilitres may be fatal if not properly treated. The adult single lethal dose is approximately 250 millilitres.		
Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. 511ipa		
Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Isopropanol vapour may cause mild eye irritation at 400 parts per million. Splashes may cause severe eye irritation, possible burns to the cornea and eye damage.		
Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produc nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as Long term, or repeated exposure of isopropanol may cause Repeated inhalation exposure to isopropanol may produce	e inco-ordination and tiredness.	
TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
Not Available	Not Available	
4		
ΤΟΧΙCΙΤΥ	IRRITATION	
TOXICITY Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 11890 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	IRRITATION Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - mild	
Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 11890 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - mild	
Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 11890 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - mild Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild	
	The odour of isopropanol may give some warning of exposithroat with sneezing, sore throat and runny nose. The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or corroborating animal or human evidence. Swallowing 10 millilitres of isopropanol may cause serious approximately 250 millilitres. Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (through wounds, lesions or abrasions. There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cr 511ipa Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as class characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with v Isopropanol vapour may cause mild eye irritation at 400 pa damage. Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to product nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised a Long term, or repeated exposure to isopropanol may produce <b>TOXICITY</b>	

PROPYLENE GLYCOL occurs only at blood concentrations over 1 g/L, which requires extremely high intake over a relatively short period of time; this is nearly impossible with consuming foods or supplements which contain 1g/kg of PG at most. The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	$\odot$	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	$\otimes$	Aspiration Hazard	$\odot$
			Pata available but does not fill the criteria for classification

 $\bigcirc$  – Data Not Available to make classification

# SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Everlife Waterborne Enamel	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	TEST DURATION (HR)		VALUE	SOURCE
Satin Neutral Base - F10095	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available	Not Available
					VALUE	
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)		SPECIES		SOURCE
propylene glycol	LC50	96	Fish	Fish		4
	EC50	48	Crustad	Crustacea		/L 4
	EC50	96	Algae o	or other aquatic plants	19000mg	L 2
	NOEC	168	Fish		98mg/L	4
		'				
Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12						
	(QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data					

#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
propylene glycol	LOW	LOW
Bioaccumulative potential		
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
propylene glycol	LOW (BCF = 1)	
Mobility in soil		
Ingredient	Mobility	
propylene glycol	HIGH (KOC = 1)	

# SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods	
Product / Packaging disposal	<ul> <li>Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area.</li> <li>DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.</li> <li>It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.</li> <li>Recycle wherever possible.</li> <li>Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.</li> </ul>

# SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

# Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

# Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

# **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory - Interim List of Active Substances

US Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) for Airborne Contaminants

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# PROPYLENE GLYCOL(57-55-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

- US Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List
- US Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List
- US Washington Toxic air pollutants and their ASIL, SQER and de minimis emission values
- US AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEELs)

#### **Federal Regulations**

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

## 1

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES	
Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)	No
Gas under pressure	No
Explosive	No
Self-heating	No
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No
Pyrophoric Gas	No
Corrosive to metal	No
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No
Organic Peroxide	No
Self-reactive	No
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No
Combustible Dust	No
Carcinogenicity	No
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No
Reproductive toxicity	No
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	No
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	No
Aspiration Hazard	No
Germ cell mutagenicity	No
Simple Asphyxiant	No

# US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

# State Regulations

## US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

None Reported

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (propylene glycol)
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

## **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date	07/11/2018
Initial Date	07/12/2018

#### CONTACT POINT

\*\*PLEASE NOTE THAT TITANIUM DIOXIDE IS NOT PRESENT IN CLEAR OR NEUTRAL BASES\*\*

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

## Definitions and abbreviations

PC — TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC — STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit, IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL : No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level CDC: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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